

SANYO

No. 3114A

LC66P516

4-bit Microcontroller with Built-in PROM

OVERVIEW

The LC66P516 is a 4-bit microcontroller with a built-in 16 Kbyte PROM. It is compatible with the LC665XX series mask ROM devices, making it ideal for prototyping and software development and testing.

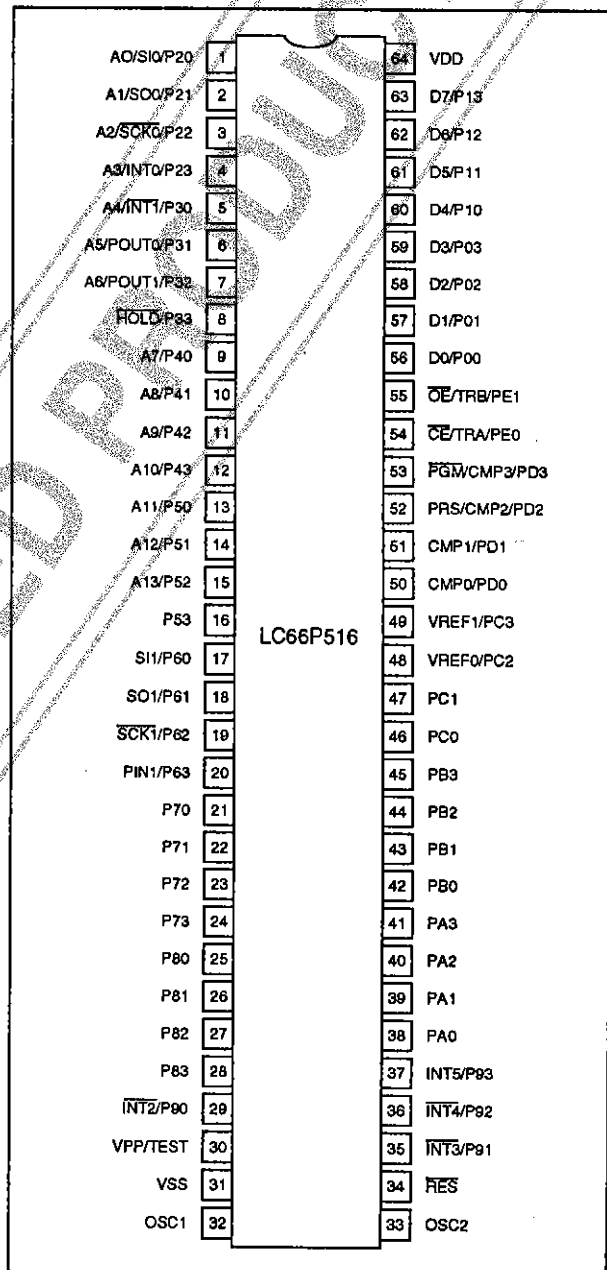
The LC66P516 features 56 user-defined options comprising output configuration, output level after reset, watchdog timer and oscillator configuration options. The output configuration options are open-drain, open-drain with pull-up, and p-channel open-drain with pull-down. The oscillator options are ceramic resonator, RC oscillator and external clock.

The LC66P516 operates from a 5 V supply and is available in 64-pin DIPs and 64-pin QIPs.

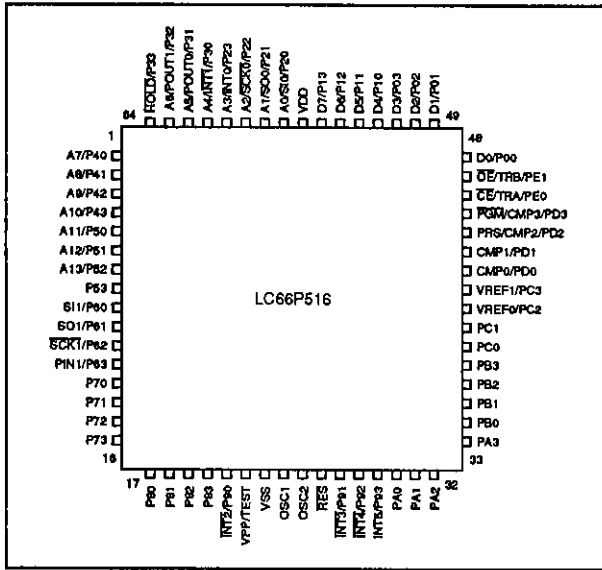
FEATURES

- 56 user-defined options including port output configuration, output level after reset and watchdog timer options
- Ceramic resonator, RC oscillator or external clock option
- 16 Kbyte PROM (0000H to 3FFF user addressable)
- Compatible with the LC665XX series mask ROM devices
- 0.92 to 10.0 μ s instruction cycle time
- 5 V supply
- 64-pin DIP and 64-pin QIP

PINOUTS



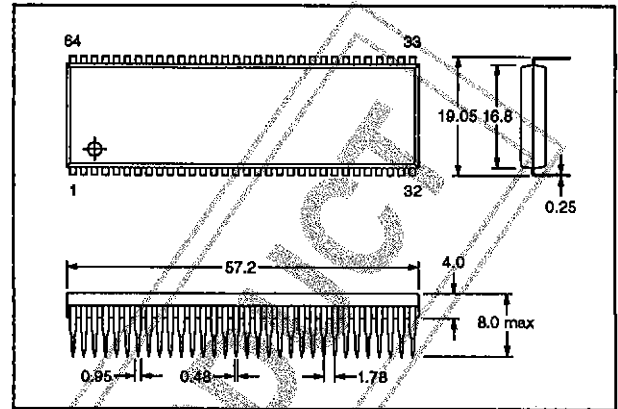
LC66P516



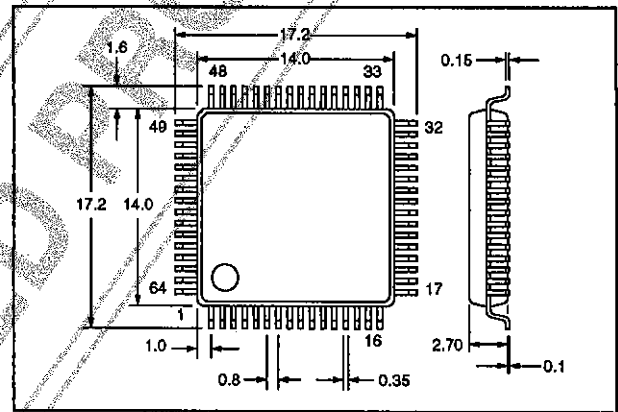
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Unit: mm

3071-DIP64S

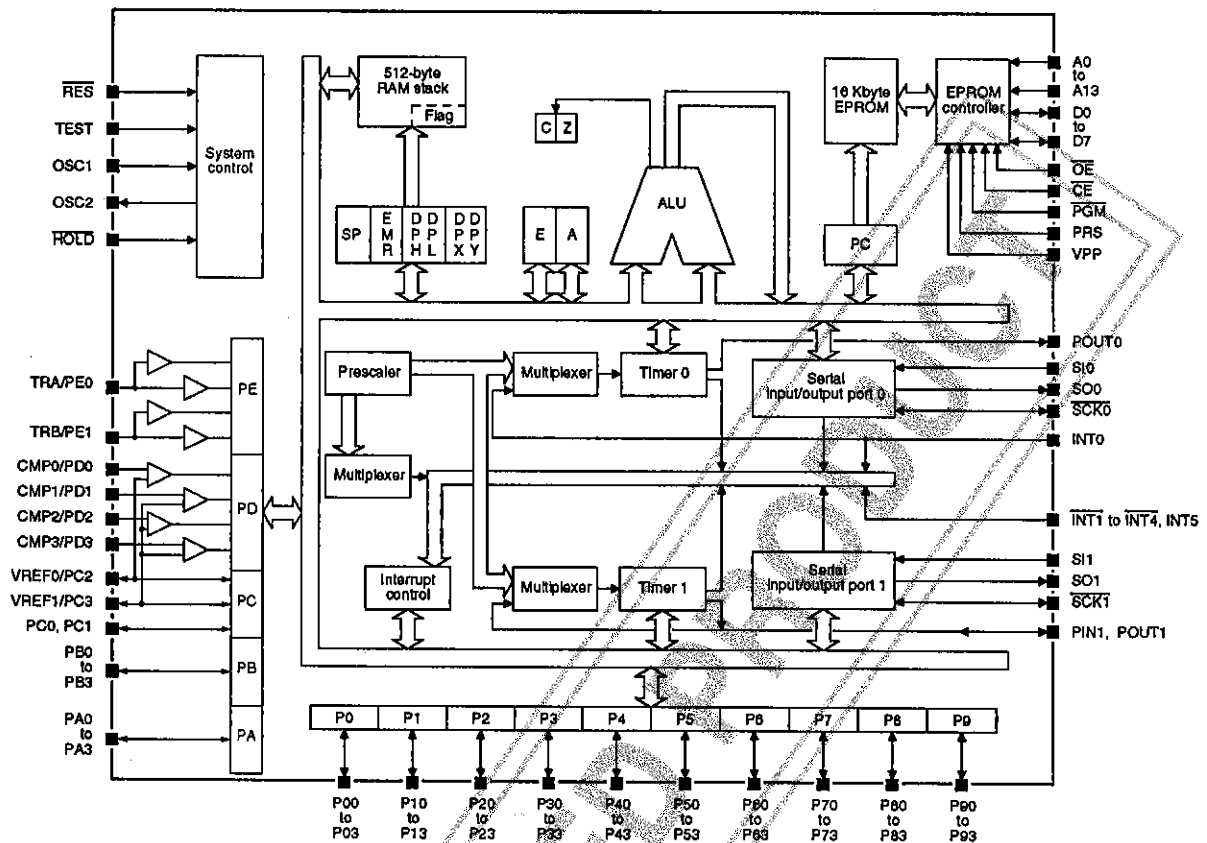


3159-QIP64E



DISCONTINUED PRODUCT

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

| Number | | Name | Description |
|--------|--------|--------------|---|
| DIP64S | QIP64E | | |
| 1 | 57 | A0/SIO/P20 | Multiplexed 4-bit input/output port P2 (P20 to P23), serial input 0 (SIO), serial output 0 (SO0), serial clock 0 (SCK0), interrupt request 0 (INT0) and PROM address bus lines (A0 to A3) |
| 2 | 58 | A1/SO0/P21 | |
| 3 | 59 | A2/SCK0/P22 | |
| 4 | 60 | A3/INT0/P23 | |
| 5 | 61 | A4/INT1/P30 | Multiplexed 4-bit input/output port P3 (P30 to P33), interrupt request 1 (INT1), timer outputs (POUT0 and POUT1), hold-mode control input (HOLD) and PROM address bus lines (A4 to A6) |
| 6 | 62 | A5/POUT0/P31 | |
| 7 | 63 | A6/POUT1/P32 | |
| 8 | 64 | HOLD/P33 | |
| 9 | 1 | A7/P40 | Multiplexed 4-bit input/output port P4 (P40 to P43) and PROM address bus lines (A7 to A10) |
| 10 | 2 | A8/P41 | |
| 11 | 3 | A9/P42 | |
| 12 | 4 | A10/P43 | |
| 13 | 5 | A11/P50 | Multiplexed 4-bit input/output port P5 (P50 to P53) and PROM address bus lines (A11 to A13) |
| 14 | 6 | A12/P51 | |
| 15 | 7 | A13/P52 | |
| 16 | 8 | P53 | |

LC66P516

| Number | | Name | Description |
|--------|--------|--------------|--|
| DIP64S | QIP64E | | |
| 17 | 9 | SI1/P60 | Multiplexed 4-bit input/output port P6 (P60 to P63), serial input 1 (SI1), serial output 1 (SO1), serial clock 1 (SCK1) and event counter input (PIN1) |
| 18 | 10 | SO1/P61 | |
| 19 | 11 | SCK1/P62 | |
| 20 | 12 | PIN1/P63 | |
| 21 | 13 | P70 | 4-bit output port P7 (P70 to P73) |
| 22 | 14 | P71 | |
| 23 | 15 | P72 | |
| 24 | 16 | P73 | |
| 25 | 17 | P80 | 4-bit output port P8 (P80 to P83) |
| 26 | 18 | P81 | |
| 27 | 19 | P82 | |
| 28 | 20 | P83 | |
| 29 | 21 | INT2/P90 | Multiplexed 4-bit input/output port P9 (P90 to P93) and interrupt requests (INT2 to INT4 and INT5) |
| 35 | 27 | INT3/P91 | |
| 36 | 28 | INT4/P92 | |
| 37 | 29 | INT5/P93 | |
| 30 | 22 | VPP/TEST | CPU test input |
| 31 | 23 | VSS | Ground |
| 32 | 24 | OSC1 | External oscillator connections |
| 33 | 25 | OSC2 | |
| 34 | 26 | RES | Reset input |
| 38 | 30 | PA0 | 4-bit output port PA (PA0 to PA3) |
| 39 | 31 | PA1 | |
| 40 | 32 | PA2 | |
| 41 | 33 | PA3 | |
| 42 | 34 | PB0 | 4-bit output port PB (PB0 to PB3) |
| 43 | 35 | PB1 | |
| 44 | 36 | PB2 | |
| 45 | 37 | PB3 | |
| 46 | 38 | PC0 | Multiplexed 4-bit input/output port PC (PC0 to PC3), comparator 0 reference voltage input (VREF0) and comparators 1, 2 and 3 reference voltage input (VREF1) |
| 47 | 39 | PC1 | |
| 48 | 40 | VREF0/PC2 | |
| 49 | 41 | VREF1/PC3 | Multiplexed 4-bit input port PD (PD0 to PD3), comparator inputs (CMP0 to CMP3) and PROM program control inputs (PRS and PGM). |
| 50 | 42 | CMP0/PD0 | |
| 51 | 43 | CMP1/PD1 | |
| 52 | 44 | PRS/CMP2/PD2 | |
| 53 | 45 | PGM/CMP3/PD3 | |

LC66P516

| Number | | Name | Description |
|--------|--------|---------------------------------------|--|
| DIP64S | QIP64E | | |
| 54 | 46 | $\overline{CE}/\text{TRA}/\text{PE0}$ | Multiplexed 2-bit input port PE (PE0 to PE1), ternary inputs (TRA and TRB), PROM chip enable (\overline{CE}) and output enable (\overline{OE}) |
| 55 | 47 | $\overline{OE}/\text{TRB}/\text{PE1}$ | |
| 56 | 48 | D0/P00 | Multiplexed 4-bit input/output port P0 (P00 to P03) and PROM data bus lines (D0 to D3) |
| 57 | 49 | D1/P01 | |
| 58 | 50 | D2/P02 | |
| 59 | 51 | D3/P03 | |
| 60 | 52 | D4/P10 | Multiplexed 4-bit input/output port P1 (P10 to P13) and PROM data bus lines (D4 to D7) |
| 61 | 53 | D5/P11 | |
| 62 | 54 | D6/P12 | |
| 63 | 55 | D7/P13 | |
| 64 | 56 | VDD | |

SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|---|-------------------|------------------------|------|
| Supply voltage range | V_{DD} | -0.3 to 7.0 | V |
| Ports P2, P3 (excluding P33) and P6 input voltage range. See note 1. | V_{I1} | -0.3 to 15.0 | V |
| Input voltage range for all inputs. See note 2. | V_{I2} | -0.2 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V |
| Ports P2, P3 (excluding P33), P6, P7 and PA output voltage range. See note 1. | V_{O1} | -0.3 to 15.0 | V |
| Output voltage range for all outputs. See note 2. | V_{O2} | -0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V |
| Ports P0 to P6 (excluding P33), P8, P9 and PC output sink current | I_{ON1} | 4 | mA |
| Ports P7, PA and PB output sink current | I_{ON2} | 20 | mA |
| Ports P0, P1, P4, P5, P7, PA and PB output source current | $-I_{OP1}$ | 2 | mA |
| Ports P2, P3 (excluding P33), P6, P8, P9 and PC output source current | $-I_{OP2}$ | 4 | mA |
| Ports P2 to P8 (excluding P33) total sink current | ΣI_{ON1} | 75 | mA |
| Ports P0, P1 and P9 to PC total sink current | ΣI_{ON2} | 75 | mA |
| Ports P2 to P8 (excluding P33) total source current | $-\Sigma I_{OP1}$ | 25 | mA |
| Ports P0, P1 and P9 to PC total source current | $-\Sigma I_{OP2}$ | 25 | mA |
| Power dissipation (DIP64S) | P_{D1} | 600 | mW |
| Power dissipation (QIP64E) | P_{D2} | 430 | mW |
| Operating temperature range | T_{opr} | -30 to 70 | °C |
| Storage temperature range | T_{stg} | -55 to 125 | °C |

Notes

1. Open-drain output configuration option
2. All output configuration options
3. Heat-soak the QIP package before mounting. Do not immerse the package in the solder dip tank when mounting the QIP on the substrate, and avoid prolonged contact with the solder.

Recommended Operating Conditions

$T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|---|----------|------------|------|
| Supply voltage | V_{DD} | 5 | V |
| Supply voltage range | V_{DD} | 4.5 to 5.5 | V |
| Hold-mode supply voltage range for data retention | V_{DD} | 1.8 to 5.5 | V |

Electrical Characteristics

$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ to }5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_a = -30\text{ to }70\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Rating | | | Unit |
|---|------------|--|-----------------|------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | min | typ | max | |
| Supply current | I_{DD} | 4 MHz ceramic resonator | – | 4.5 | 8.0 | mA |
| | | 4 MHz external clock | – | 6.5 | 11.0 | |
| | | RC oscillator | – | 4.0 | 8.0 | |
| Halt-mode supply current | I_{DDHT} | 4 MHz ceramic resonator | – | 3.0 | 5.0 | mA |
| | | 4 MHz external clock | – | 3.5 | 6.0 | |
| | | RC oscillator | – | 3.0 | 5.0 | |
| Hold-mode supply current | I_{DDHD} | $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ to }5.5\text{ V}$ | – | 0.01 | 10.0 | μA |
| Ports P2, P3 (excluding P33), P6 and P9, RES and OSC1 LOW-level input voltage | V_{IL1} | Output n-channel transistor OFF. See note 1. | V_{SS} | – | $0.25V_{DD}$ | V |
| HOLD/P33 LOW-level input voltage | V_{IL2} | $V_{DD} = 1.8\text{ to }5.5\text{ V}$ | V_{SS} | – | $0.25V_{DD}$ | V |
| Ports P0, P1, P4, P5, PC, PD and PE, and TEST LOW-level input voltage | V_{IL3} | Output n-channel transistor OFF. See note 1. | V_{SS} | – | $0.3V_{DD}$ | V |
| Port PE LOW-level input voltage | V_{IL4} | Ternary input levels | V_{SS} | – | $0.2V_{DD}$ | V |
| Port PE MID-level input voltage | V_{IM} | Ternary input levels | $0.4V_{DD}$ | – | $0.6V_{DD}$ | V |
| Ports P2, P3 (excluding P33) and P6 HIGH-level input voltage | V_{IH1} | Output n-channel transistor OFF. See notes 1 and 2. | $0.75V_{DD}$ | – | 13.5 | V |
| HOLD/P33, P9, RES and OSC1 HIGH-level input voltage | V_{IH2} | Output n-channel transistor OFF. See note 1. | $0.75V_{DD}$ | – | V_{DD} | V |
| Ports P0, P1, P4, P5, PC, PD and PE HIGH-level input voltage | V_{IH3} | Output n-channel transistor OFF. See note 1. | $0.7V_{DD}$ | – | V_{DD} | V |
| Port PE HIGH-level input voltage | V_{IH4} | Ternary input levels | $0.8V_{DD}$ | – | V_{DD} | V |
| Ports P0 to P6 (excluding P33), P8 (CMOS), P9 and PC LOW-level output voltage | V_{OL1} | $I_{OL} = 1.6\text{ mA}$ | – | – | 0.4 | V |
| Ports P7, PA and PB LOW-level output voltage | V_{OL2} | $I_{OL} = 10\text{ mA}$ | – | – | 1.5 | V |
| Ports P2, P3 (excluding P33), P6, P8, P9 and PC HIGH-level output voltage | V_{OH1} | $I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$. See note 3. | $V_{DD} - 1.0$ | – | – | V |
| | | $I_{OH} = -0.1\text{ mA}$. See note 3. | $V_{DD} - 0.5$ | – | – | |
| Ports P0, P1, P4, P5, P7, PA and PB HIGH-level output voltage | V_{OH2} | $I_{OH} = -200\text{ }\mu\text{A}$. $V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}$. See note 4. | 2.4 | – | – | V |
| | | $I_{OH} = -130\text{ }\mu\text{A}$. See note 4. | $V_{DD} - 1.35$ | – | – | |

LC66P516

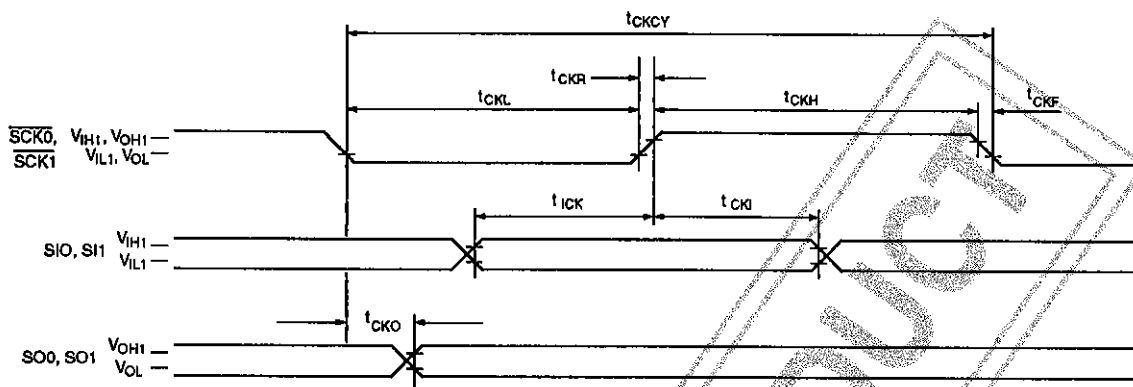
| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Rating | | | Unit |
|---|------------|---|--------------|-------------|----------------|------------|
| | | | min | typ | max | |
| Ports PD, PC2 and PC3 comparator input voltage range | V_{CMM} | | 1.0 | - | $V_{DD} - 1.5$ | V |
| Port PD comparator offset voltage | V_{OFF} | $V_I = 1.0$ to $V_{DD} - 1.5$ V | - | ± 50 | ± 300 | mV |
| Ports P2, P3, P6 and P9, and \overline{RES} and OSC1 Schmitt-trigger LOW-level threshold voltage | V_{IL} | | $0.25V_{DD}$ | - | $0.5V_{DD}$ | V |
| Ports P2, P3, P6 and P9, and \overline{RES} and OSC1 Schmitt-trigger HIGH-level threshold voltage | V_{IH} | | $0.5V_{DD}$ | - | $0.75V_{DD}$ | V |
| Ports P2, P3, P6 and P9, \overline{RES} and OSC1 Schmitt-trigger hysteresis voltage | V_{HYS} | | | $0.1V_{DD}$ | | V |
| Ports PC2, PC3, PD and PE LOW-level input current | I_{IL1} | $V_I = V_{SS}$, output n-channel transistor OFF. See note 2. | -1.0 | - | - | μ A |
| LOW-level input current for all other inputs | I_{IL2} | $V_I = V_{SS}$, output n-channel transistor OFF. See note 2. | -1.0 | - | - | μ A |
| Ports P2, P3 (excluding P33) and P6 HIGH-level input current | I_{IH1} | $V_I = 13.5$ V, output n-channel transistor OFF. See notes 1 and 2. | - | - | 5.0 | μ A |
| Ports P0, P1, P33, P4, P5, P9, PC (excluding PC2 and PC3), \overline{RES} and OSC1 HIGH-level input current | I_{IH2} | $V_I = V_{DD}$, output n-channel transistor OFF. See notes 1 and 2. | - | - | 1.0 | μ A |
| Ports PC2, PC3, PD and PE HIGH-level input current | I_{IH3} | $V_I = V_{DD}$, output n-channel transistor OFF. See notes 1 and 2. | - | - | 1.0 | μ A |
| Ports P2, P3, P6, P7 and PA output leakage current | I_{OFF1} | $V_I = 13.5$ V, output n-channel transistor OFF. See note 2. | - | - | 5.0 | μ A |
| Ports P0, P1, P4, P5, P9, PB and PC output leakage current | I_{OFF2} | $V_I = V_{DD}$, output n-channel transistor OFF. See note 2. | - | - | 1.0 | μ A |
| Port P8 output leakage current | I_{OFF3} | $V_I = V_{SS}$, output p-channel transistor OFF. See note 2. | -1.0 | - | - | μ A |
| Ports P0, P1, P4, P5, P7, PA and PB output current with pull-up option | I_{PO} | $V_I = V_{SS}$, $V_{DD} = 5.5$ V, output n-channel transistor OFF. See note 4. | -1.6 | - | - | mA |
| Ceramic resonator input frequency | f_{CF} | 4 MHz resonator | - | 4.0 | - | MHz |
| Ceramic resonator input stabilization time | t_{CRS} | 4 MHz resonator | - | - | 10 | ms |
| RC oscillator input frequency | f_{ext} | $R_{ext} = 2.2$ k Ω $\pm 1\%$, $C_{ext} = 100$ pF $\pm 5\%$ | 2 | 3 | 4 | MHz |
| External RC oscillator capacitance | C_{ext} | | - | 100 | - | pF |
| External RC oscillator resistance | R_{ext} | | - | 2.2 | - | k Ω |

Notes

1. Ports with CMOS output configuration option cannot be used as input ports.
2. Open-drain output configuration option
3. CMOS output configuration option
4. Pull-up output configuration option

Timing Characteristics

Serial input/output timing

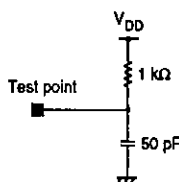


$V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V, $V_{SS} = 0$ V, $T_a = -30$ to 70 °C

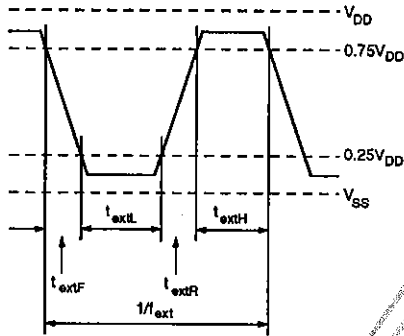
| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | | | Unit |
|--|------------|------------|-----|-----|---------|
| | | min | typ | max | |
| Instruction cycle time | t_{cyc} | 0.92 | – | 10 | μs |
| $\overline{SCK0}$ and $\overline{SCK1}$ serial clock input cycle time | t_{CKCY} | 0.9 | – | – | μs |
| $\overline{SCK0}$ and $\overline{SCK1}$ serial clock output cycle time | t_{CKO} | $2t_{cyc}$ | – | – | μs |
| $\overline{SCK0}$ and $\overline{SCK1}$ serial clock input pulsewidth | t_{CKL} | 0.4 | – | – | μs |
| $\overline{SCK0}$ and $\overline{SCK1}$ serial clock output pulsewidth | t_{CKH} | t_{cyc} | – | – | μs |
| $\overline{SCK0}$ and $\overline{SCK1}$ serial clock output rise time | t_{CKR} | – | – | 0.1 | μs |
| $\overline{SCK0}$ and $\overline{SCK1}$ serial clock output fall time | t_{CKF} | – | – | 0.1 | μs |
| SIO and $SI1$ serial data setup time | t_{ICK} | 0.3 | – | – | μs |
| SIO and $SI1$ serial data hold time | t_{CKI} | 0.3 | – | – | μs |
| $SO0$ and $SO1$ serial data output delay | t_{CKO} | – | – | 0.3 | μs |

Note

Each test input and output has an RC load as shown in the following figure.



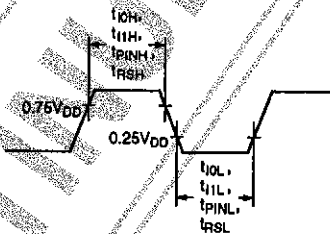
External clock timing



$V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V, $V_{SS} = 0$ V, $T_a = -30$ to 70 °C

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | | | Unit |
|---|------------|--------|-----|------|------|
| | | min | typ | max | |
| OSC1 external clock input frequency | f_{ext} | 0.4 | — | 4.35 | MHz |
| OSC1 external clock LOW-level input pulsewidth | t_{extL} | 70 | — | — | ns |
| OSC1 external clock HIGH-level input pulsewidth | t_{extH} | 70 | — | — | ns |
| OSC1 external clock input rise time | t_{extR} | — | — | 30 | ns |
| OSC1 external clock input fall time | t_{extF} | — | — | 30 | ns |

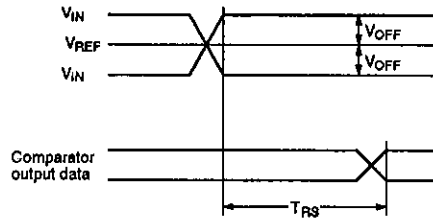
Interrupt and reset timing



$V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V, $V_{SS} = 0$ V, $T_a = -30$ to 70 °C

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | | | Unit |
|---|------------|--------|-----|-----|---------|
| | | min | typ | max | |
| INT0 LOW-level pulsewidth | t_{iOL} | 2tcyc | — | — | μ s |
| INT0 HIGH-level pulsewidth | t_{iOH} | 2tcyc | — | — | μ s |
| INT1 to INT4 and INT5 LOW-level pulsewidth | t_{i1L} | 2tcyc | — | — | μ s |
| INT1 to INT4 and INT5 HIGH-level pulsewidth | t_{i1H} | 2tcyc | — | — | μ s |
| PIN1 LOW-level input pulsewidth | t_{iP1L} | 2tcyc | — | — | μ s |
| PIN1 HIGH-level input pulsewidth | t_{iP1H} | 2tcyc | — | — | μ s |
| RES LOW-level input pulsewidth | t_{iRSL} | 3tcyc | — | — | μ s |
| RES HIGH-level input pulsewidth | t_{iRSH} | 3tcyc | — | — | μ s |

Comparator output timing



$V_{DD} = 4.5$ to 5.5 V, $V_{SS} = 0$ V, $T_a = -30$ to 70 °C

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Rating | | | Unit |
|----------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|-----|-----|------|
| | | | min | typ | max | |
| Port PD comparator response time | t_{RS} | | - | - | 30 | ms |

INPUT AND OUTPUT FUNCTIONS

The LC66P516 has many multiplexed pins whose function is controlled by software. The function of each of these pins is shown in the following table.

Table 1. Pin functions

| Name | Function |
|--------------|--|
| D0/P00 | Ports P00 to P03 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. They function as data bus lines when memory is addressed. They also have halt-mode control functions. Level after reset is set by user option. |
| D1/P01 | |
| D2/P02 | |
| D3/P03 | |
| D4/P10 | Ports P10 to P13 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. They function as data bus lines when memory is addressed. Level after reset is set by user option. |
| D5/P11 | |
| D6/P12 | |
| D7/P13 | |
| A0/SIO/P20 | Ports P20 to P23 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. They function as address bus inputs when memory is addressed. Port P20 also functions as a serial data input, P21 as a serial data output, P22 as a serial data clock and P23 as an interrupt request, pulsewidth measurement and event counter input using timer 0. |
| A1/SO0/P21 | |
| A2/SCK0/P22 | |
| A3/INT0/P23 | |
| A4/INT1/P30 | Ports P30 to P32 can be addressed as either a 3-bit port, a 4-bit port with P33 or three, single-bit ports. They function as address bus inputs when memory is addressed. Port P30 also functions as an interrupt request input, P31 as a square-wave output from timer 0, and P32 as a square-wave output and a PWM output from timer 1. |
| A5/POUT0/P31 | |
| A6/POUT1/P32 | |
| HOLD/P33 | Port P33 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port with P30 to P32 or a single-bit port. It functions as the hold-mode control input when P33 is LOW and the HOLD instruction is executed. The CPU restarts when P33 goes HIGH again. Reset signals are ignored whenever HOLD/P33 is LOW, including when not in hold mode. |
| A7/P40 | Ports P40 to P43 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port, four, single-bit ports or an 8-bit port with P50 to P53. They function as address bus inputs when memory is addressed. |
| A8/P41 | |
| A9/P42 | |
| A10/P43 | |

Table 1. Pin functions—continued

| Name | Function |
|--------------|---|
| A11/P50 | Ports P50 to P53 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port, four, single-bit ports, or an 8-bit port with P40 to P43. Ports P50 to P52 function as address bus inputs when memory is addressed. |
| A12/P51 | |
| A13/P52 | |
| P53 | |
| SI1/P60 | Ports P60 to P63 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. Port P60 also functions as a serial data input, P61 as a serial data output, P62 as a serial data clock and P63 as the timer 1 event counter input. |
| SO1/P61 | |
| SCK1/P62 | |
| PIN1/P63 | |
| P70 | Ports P70 to P73 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. Input instructions read the contents of the output latch. |
| P71 | |
| P72 | |
| P73 | |
| P80 | Ports P80 to P83 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. Input instructions read the contents of the output latch. Note that the open-drain option for P8 is p-channel. |
| P81 | |
| P82 | |
| P83 | |
| INT2/P90 | Ports P90 to P93 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. P90 also functions as interrupt request 2, P91 as interrupt request 3, P92 as interrupt request 4 and P93 as interrupt request 5. |
| INT3/P91 | |
| INT4/P92 | |
| INT5/P93 | |
| PA0 | Ports PA0 to PA3 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. Input instructions read the contents of the output latch. |
| PA1 | |
| PA2 | |
| PA3 | |
| PB0 | Ports PB0 to PB3 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. Input instructions read the contents of the output latch. |
| PB1 | |
| PB2 | |
| PB3 | |
| PC0 | Ports PC0 to PC3 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. Port PC2 also functions as the reference voltage input for comparator 0, and PC3, as the reference voltage input for comparators 1, 2 and 3. |
| PC1 | |
| VREF0/PC2 | |
| VREF1/PC3 | |
| CMPO/PD0 | Ports PD0 to PD3 can be addressed as either a 4-bit port or four, single-bit ports. They also function as comparator inputs. Port PD3 also functions as the memory program control input, and PD2 as PRS (program mode select). |
| CMP1/PD1 | |
| PRS/CMP2/PD2 | |
| PGM/CMP3/PD3 | |
| TRA/PE0 | Ports PE0 to PE1 can be addressed as either a 2-bit port or two, single-bit ports. They also function as lernary-level inputs. They also function as chip enable and write enable respectively, when memory is addressed. |
| TRB/PE1 | |

Table 1. Pin functions—continued

| Name | Function |
|----------|---|
| OSC1 | OSC1 and OSC2 function as the external ceramic resonator or RC oscillator connections. When an external clock is used, OSC2 is left open. |
| OSC2 | |
| RES | When RES goes LOW while HOLD/P33 is HIGH, the CPU is reset. |
| VPP/TEST | CPU test input. Normally connected to ground |

USER OPTIONS

Oscillator Options

There are three user options for the oscillator—an external clock, an RC oscillator and a ceramic resonator. The internal circuits of OSC1 and OSC2 for the external clock, RC oscillator and ceramic resonator options are shown in figures 1, 2 and 3, respectively. Note the Schmitt-trigger inputs for both the external clock and RC oscillator options.



Figure 1. External clock option

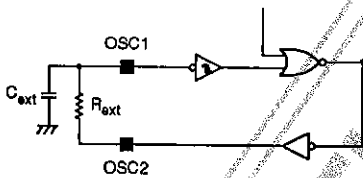


Figure 2. RC oscillator option

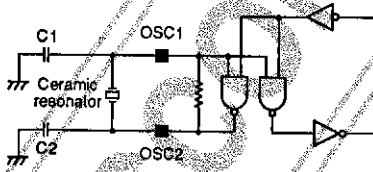


Figure 3. Ceramic resonator option

Output Options

There are two user options for the output configuration of each port. The options for all ports, excluding P8, PD and PE, are shown in figures 4 and 6, and for P8, in figures 5 and 7. Ports P2, P3, P6 and P9 have Schmitt-trigger inputs in both output configurations.

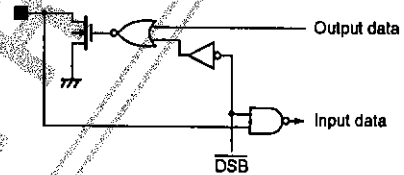


Figure 4. N-channel open-drain option for all ports except P8

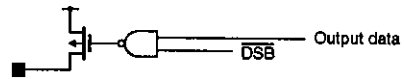


Figure 5. P-channel open-drain option for port P8

The p-channel pull-up option for ports P0, P1, P4, P5, P7, PA and PB results in an n-channel sink transistor with a p-channel, active pull-up transistor configuration, and for ports P2, P3, P6 and PC, a CMOS configuration.

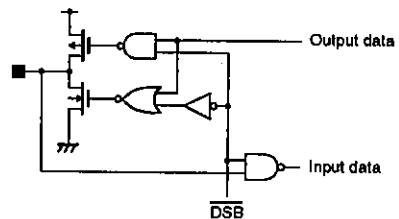


Figure 6. P-channel pull-up option for all ports except P8, PD and PE

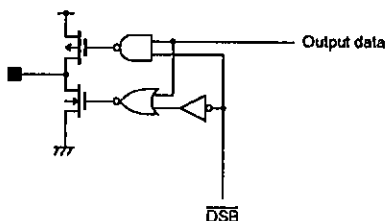


Figure 7. N-channel pull-down option for port P8

Port PD comparator input and port PE ternary input modes are selected by the user program.

PROM SPECIFICATION

Specifying Programs and Options

The user-addressable memory is 0000H to 3FFFH. Addresses 0000H to 3FF7H are for user programs, and addresses 3FF8H to 3FFFH, for option specification.

Note that the n-channel open-drain outputs for ports P2, P3, P6, P7 and PA have a maximum withstand voltage of 15 V.

Output Level After Reset Option

The output level of ports P0, P1 and P8 after a CPU reset is user selectable.

Watchdog Timer Option

A watchdog timer is available to prevent program runaway.

The option specification is coded using the information shown in the following table.

| Address | Data bit | Parameter | Option | |
|---------|----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | 0 | 1 |
| 3FF8H | D0 | Watchdog timer function | No | Yes |
| | D1 | Port P0 level after reset | LOW | HIGH |
| | D2 | Port P1 level after reset | LOW | HIGH |
| | D3 | Port P8 level after reset | LOW | HIGH |
| | D4 | Oscillator | RC oscillator or external clock | Ceramic resonator |
| | D5 to D7 | No function | Set to 0 | |
| 3FF9H | D0 | Port P00 output configuration | Open-drain | Pull-up |
| | D1 | Port P01 output configuration | | |
| | D2 | Port P02 output configuration | | |
| | D3 | Port P03 output configuration | | |
| | D4 | Port P10 output configuration | Open-drain | Pull-up |
| | D5 | Port P11 output configuration | | |
| | D6 | Port P12 output configuration | | |
| | D7 | Port P13 output configuration | | |
| 3FFAH | D0 | Port P20 output configuration | Open-drain | CMOS |
| | D1 | Port P21 output configuration | | |
| | D2 | Port P22 output configuration | | |
| | D3 | Port P23 output configuration | | |
| | D4 | Port P30 output configuration | Open-drain | CMOS |
| | D5 | Port P31 output configuration | | |
| | D6 | Port P32 output configuration | | |
| | D7 | No function | | |

LC66P516

| Address | Data bit | Parameter | Option | |
|---------|----------|-------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| | | | 0 | 1 |
| 3FFBH | D0 | Port P40 output configuration | Open-drain | Pull-up |
| | D1 | Port P41 output configuration | | |
| | D2 | Port P42 output configuration | | |
| | D3 | Port P43 output configuration | | |
| | D4 | Port P50 output configuration | | |
| | D5 | Port P51 output configuration | | |
| | D6 | Port P52 output configuration | | |
| | D7 | Port P53 output configuration | | |
| 3FFCH | D0 | Port P60 output configuration | Open-drain | CMOS |
| | D1 | Port P61 output configuration | | |
| | D2 | Port P62 output configuration | | |
| | D3 | Port P63 output configuration | | |
| | D4 | Port P70 output configuration | Open-drain | Pull-up |
| | D5 | Port P71 output configuration | | |
| | D6 | Port P72 output configuration | | |
| | D7 | Port P73 output configuration | | |
| 3FFDH | D0 | Port P80 output configuration | Open-drain | Pull-down |
| | D1 | Port P81 output configuration | | |
| | D2 | Port P82 output configuration | | |
| | D3 | Port P83 output configuration | | |
| | D4 | Port P90 output configuration | Open-drain | CMOS |
| | D5 | Port P91 output configuration | | |
| | D6 | Port P92 output configuration | | |
| | D7 | Port P93 output configuration | | |
| 3FFEH | D0 | Port PA0 output configuration | Open-drain | Pull-up |
| | D1 | Port PA1 output configuration | | |
| | D2 | Port PA2 output configuration | | |
| | D3 | Port PA3 output configuration | | |
| | D4 | Port PB0 output configuration | Open-drain | Pull-up |
| | D5 | Port PB1 output configuration | | |
| | D6 | Port PB2 output configuration | | |
| | D7 | Port PB3 output configuration | | |
| 3FFFH | D0 | Port PC0 output configuration | Open-drain | CMOS |
| | D1 | Port PC1 output configuration | | |
| | D2 | Port PC2 output configuration | | |
| | D3 | Port PC3 output configuration | | |
| | D4 to D7 | No function | Set to 0 | |

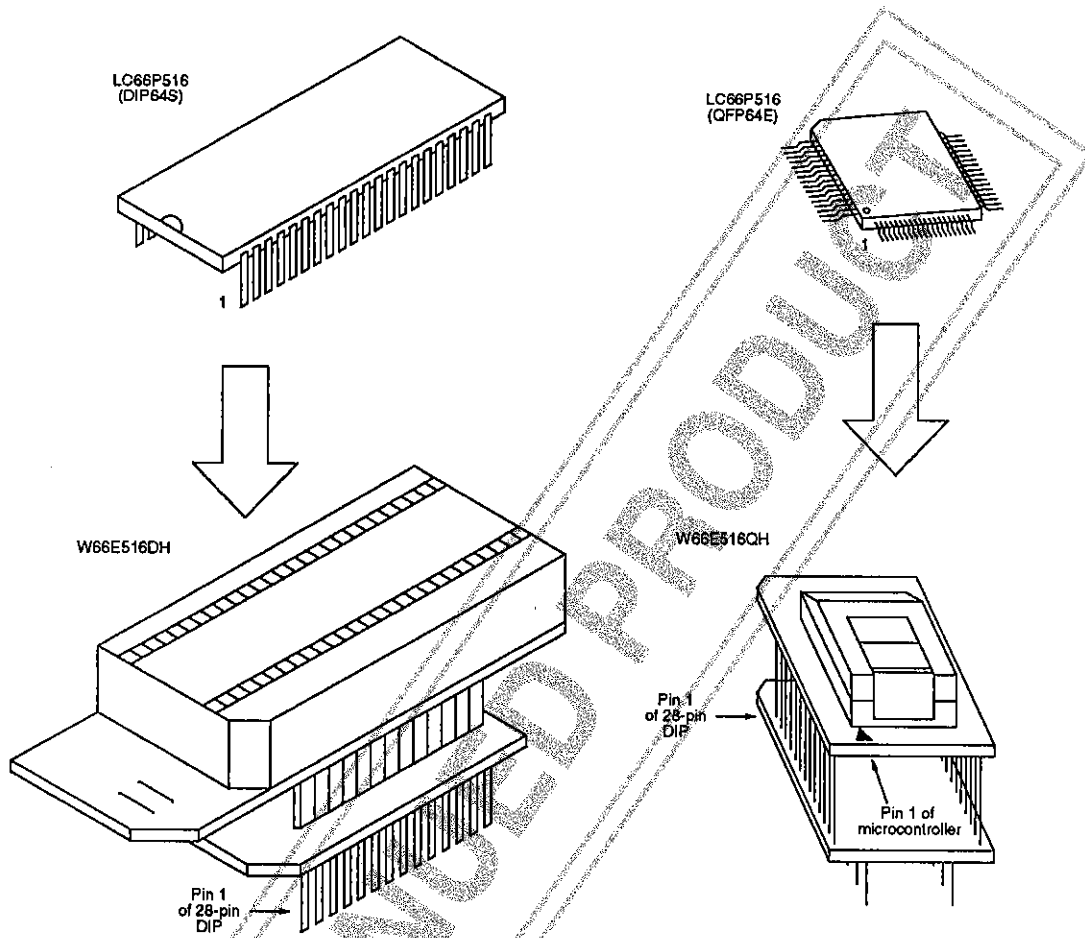
The assembler execute command when specifying programs and options using a Sanyo cross assembler is

LC66S.EXE. Cross-assemble the programs for an LC66516 target CPU.

PROM Programming

The PROM can be programmed using a special adapter board, W66E516DH for the 64-pin DIP and

W66E516QH for the 64-pin QIP as shown in the following figure, and a universal EPROM programmer.



Program the PROM using the M mode of the PV command of the EVA800 or EVA850. The EPROM programmer should be Intel 27128 compatible with $V_{PP} = 21$ V. The recommended programmers are shown in the following table. Please contact your nearest Sanyo representative if you intend to use an alternative EPROM programmer.

Note

The PV command is the EVA800/850 programmer mode command.

| Manufacturer | Model |
|--------------|--|
| ADVANTEST | TR4943, R4944A, R4945 or equivalent |
| Sanyo | EVA850 or EVA800 special-purpose programmers |

Notes

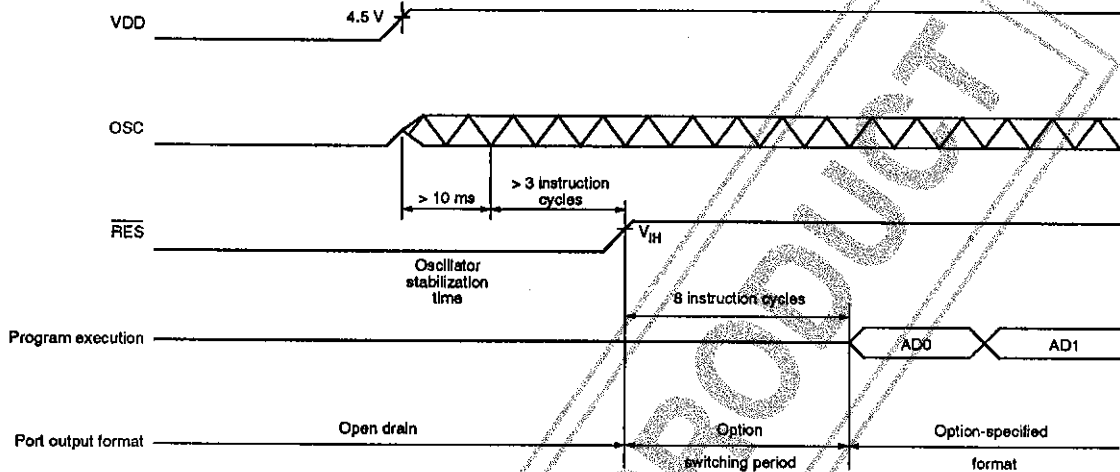
1. Intel is a registered trademark of Intel Corporation.
2. ADVANTEST is a registered trademark of ADVANTEST Corporation.

APPLICATION NOTES

Reset Timing

The reset signal on $\overline{\text{RES}}$ should be held LOW for a minimum of three instruction cycles after the oscillator

has stabilized to ensure correct operation, as shown in the following figure.



After a reset occurs, all I/O ports are reset to open-drain output configuration with floating outputs, except for ports P0 and P1 which both have an output level after reset option. The output configuration of each port is then set using the specified options during the eight instruction cycles after $\overline{\text{RES}}$ goes HIGH. Program execution then begins from address 0000H.

The LC66E516/P516 can be reset while in hold mode ($\overline{\text{HOLD/P33}}$ is LOW). When $\overline{\text{RES}}$ goes LOW in hold mode, $\overline{\text{HOLD/P33}}$ must go HIGH before $\overline{\text{RES}}$ goes HIGH again.

| Ceramic resonator | Capacitance | |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | C1 | C2 |
| 4 MHz Murata CSA-4.00MG | 33 pF ±10% | 33 pF ±10% |
| 4 MHz Kyocera KBR-4.0MS | 33 pF ±10% | 33 pF ±10% |
| 4 MHz Murata CST-4.00MG with internal capacitor | N/A | N/A |
| 4 MHz Kyocera KBR-4.0MES with internal capacitor | N/A | N/A |

Reference Clock

The external circuit for a ceramic resonator is shown in figure 8, and the recommended resonator and component values, in the following table. The oscillator stabilization characteristics are shown in figure 9.

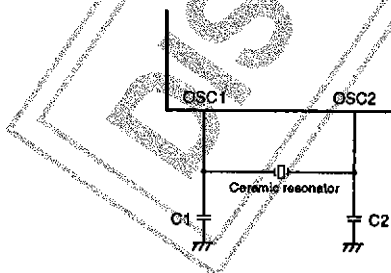


Figure 8. Ceramic resonator

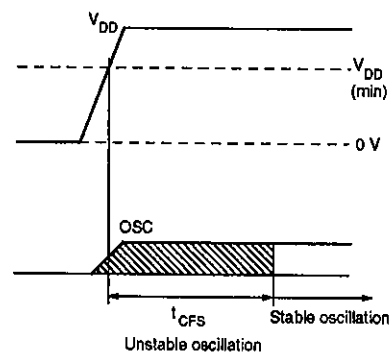
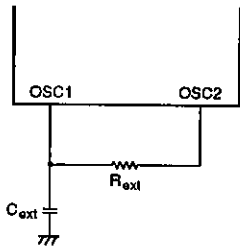
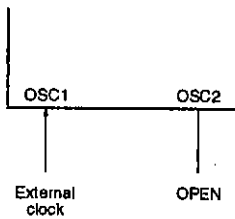


Figure 9. Ceramic resonator stabilization time

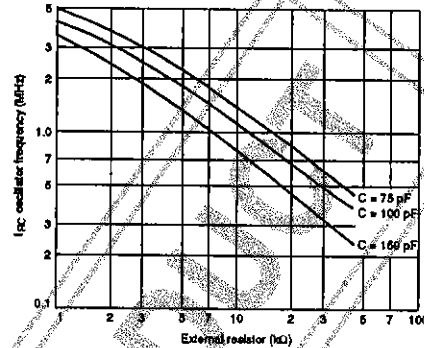
The external circuit for an RC oscillator is shown in the following figure.



The external clock input connection is OSC1. The remaining oscillator connection, OSC2, should be left open as shown in the following figure.



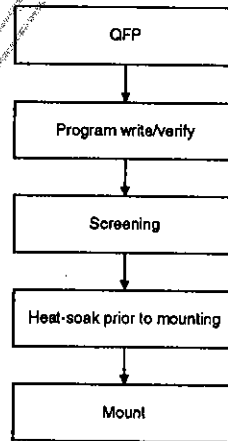
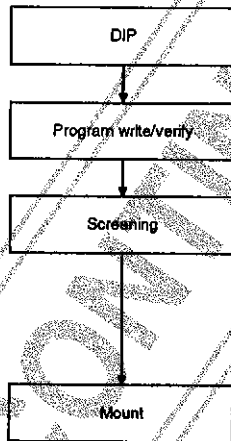
The RC oscillator frequency is determined by the external resistor and capacitor and has only been specified for $R_{ext} = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ and $C_{ext} = 100 \text{ pF}$. The frequency for other values of R_{ext} and C_{ext} can be determined from the graph in the following figure.



Preparation Procedure

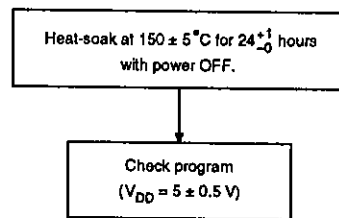
The preparation procedures shown in the following figure for DIP and QFP packages should always be followed prior to mounting the packages on the sub-

strate. Note that the QFP package should be heat-soaked for 24 hours at 125 °C immediately prior to mounting.



Screening procedure

The construction of the microcontroller with a blank built-in PROM makes it impossible for Sanyo to completely factory-test it before shipping. To prove reliability of the programmed devices, the screening procedure shown in the following figure should always be followed.



Note that it is not possible to perform a write test on the blank PROM. 100% yield, therefore, cannot be guaranteed.

ORDERING INFORMATION

When ordering identical mask ROM and PROM devices simultaneously, provide an EPROM containing the target memory contents together with separate order forms for each of the mask ROM and PROM versions.

When ordering a PROM device, provide an EPROM containing the target memory contents together with an order form.

When ordering either an LC66506/556 6 Kbyte, LC66508/558 8 Kbyte or LC66512/562 12 Kbyte mask

ROM device, insert a jump command, or any similar command, to avoid executing an address beyond the range of the target device. In addition, write a 0 into all locations above 3FFFH.

A comparison of the LC66516 characteristics with those of the LC665XX mask ROM devices is shown in the following table.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | LC66P516 | LC665XX series | | Unit |
|---|-------------------|--|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------|
| | | | | LC6650X series | LC6655X series | |
| Supply voltage range | V _{DD} | t _{CYC} = 0.92 to 10 μs | 4.5 to 5.5 | 4.0 to 6.0 | — | V |
| | | t _{CYC} = 3.92 to 10 μs | — | — | 2.2 to 5.5 | |
| | | t _{CYC} = 1.96 to 10 μs | — | — | 3.0 to 5.5 | |
| Maximum halt-mode supply current | I _{DDHT} | 4 MHz ceramic resonator | 6.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | mA |
| | | 4 MHz external clock | 6.0 | 3.5 | 3.5 | |
| | | 3 MHz (typ) RC oscillator | 5.0 | 2.5 | — | |
| Hold-mode release hardware delay | N _{HOLD} | | 65,536 | 65,536 | 16,384 | Cycles |
| Hold-mode release time | t _{HOLD} | f _{OSC} = 4 MHz (t _{CYC} = 1 μs) | ≈64 | ≈64 | — | ms |
| | | f _{OSC} = 2 MHz (t _{CYC} = 2 μs) | — | — | ≈32 | |
| | | f _{OSC} = 1 MHz (t _{CYC} = 4 μs) | — | — | ≈64 | |
| External RC oscillator capacitance | C _{EXT} | | 100 | 100 | — | pF |
| External RC oscillator resistance | R _{EXT} | | 2.2 | 2.7 | — | kΩ |
| Timer 0 contents after reset or hold-mode release | | | FF0 | FF0 | FFC | Hex |
| Port output configuration after reset | | | See note. | Specified by user option | Specified by user option | |
| Package type | | | DIP64S or QIP64E | DIP64S or QIP64A | DIP64S or QIP64E | |

Note

- Ports P2 to PC are open-drain and floating.
- Ports P0 and P1 have pull-up resistances and are HIGH or LOW.
- LC6650X series is LC66506, LC66508, LC66512, LC66516
- LC6655X series is LC66556, LC66558, LC66562, LC66566

LC66P516

A breakdown of the LC66 series devices, which includes the LC66516B and LC665XX devices, is shown in the following table.

| Device | Pins | ROM capacity | RAM capacity | Package type |
|---|-------|---------------------|--------------|------------------|
| LC66304A/306A/308A | 42/48 | 4/6/8 Kbyte ROM | 512 bytes | DIP42S or QIP48E |
| LC66354A/356A/358A | 42/48 | 4/6/8 Kbyte ROM | 512 bytes | DIP42S or QIP48E |
| LC66354S [∇] /356S [∇] /358S [∇] | 44 | 4/6/8 Kbyte ROM | 512 bytes | QIP44M |
| LC66E308 | 42/48 | 8 Kbyte EPROM | 512 bytes | DIC42S or QIC48 |
| LC66P308 | 42/48 | 8 Kbyte PROM | 512 bytes | DIP42S or QIP48E |
| LC66404A/406A/408A | 42/48 | 4/6/8 Kbyte ROM | 512 bytes | DIP42S or QIP48E |
| LC66E408 | 42/48 | 8 Kbyte EPROM | 512 bytes | DIC42S or QIC48 |
| LC66P408 | 42/48 | 8 Kbyte PROM | 512 bytes | DIP42S or QIP48E |
| LC66506B/508B/512B/516B | 64 | 6/8/12/16 Kbyte ROM | 512 bytes | DIP64S or QIP64A |
| LC66556A/558A/562A/566A | 64 | 6/8/12/16 Kbyte ROM | 512 bytes | DIP64S or QIP64E |
| LC66E516 | 64 | 16 Kbyte EPROM | 512 bytes | DIC64S or QIC64 |
| LC66P516 | 64 | 16 Kbyte PROM | 512 bytes | DIP64S or QIP64E |

Note

∇ = under development

Sanyo ROM Services

Sanyo offers various services at nominal charges. These include ROM writing, ROM reading, and package stamping and screening. Contact your local Sanyo representative for further information.

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