

LA70020, 70020M

Recording/Playback Amplifier for VHS VCRs

Overview

The LA70020 and LA70020M are 6-head amplifiers adding hi-fi recording/playback amplifiers to the LA70011/LA70011M recording/playback amplifiers for VHS VCR video signals. When used in combination with the LA71000M and LA71500M Series of video signal processing ICs, they permit Y/C recording without current adjustment.

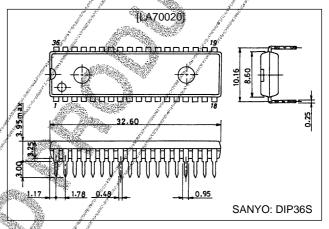
Features

- Combining hi-fi and video amplifiers onto a single chip saves space on the circuit board.
- Connecting the playback amplifier input directly to the head reduces the number of external elements required.
- The recording amplifiers use a fixed-current drive configuration that yields stable recording characteristics even under changing loads. They include built-in automatic gain control circuits.
- The LA70020, encapsulated in DIP package, can be mounted at the right end of the LA70001 and LA70011 sockets. The LA70020M lacks this flexibility because its MFP package has a different pin pitch.

Package Dimensions

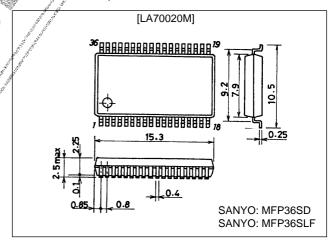
unit: mm

3170-DIP36S 400mil



unit: mm

3129-MFP36SD, MFP36SLF



Specifications

Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum power supply voltage	V _{CC} max		6.0	V
		Ta ≤ 65°C [LA70020]	1000	mW
Maximum power dissipation	Pd max	Ta ≤ 65°C [LA70020M]	1000	mW
		114.3 × 76.1 × 1.6 mm: glass epoxy		IIIVV
Operating temperature	Topr		-10 to +65	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +150	°C

Operating Conditions at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended supply voltage	V _{CC}		5.0	V
Operating supply voltage range	V _{CC} op		4.8 to 5.3	V

Electrical Characteristics at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ (Video Circuits)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions		Ratings		Unit
Falametei		Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Offic
Playback Mode					12		
Current drain		I _{CCP}	Current flowing into pin 13	44	,53	60	mA
	SP-L CH1	G _{VP} 1	$V_{IN} = 38 \text{ mVp-p}, f = 4 \text{ MHz}$	56 <i>f</i>	59	62	dB
Voltage gain	SP-H CH2	G _{VP} 2		56	<i>5</i> 9	62	dB
Voltage gain	EP-L CH3	G _{VP} 3		<i>/</i> // 56	59	62	dB
	EP-H CH4	G _{VP} 4		<i>أَنَّ أ</i> ُ 56	59	, 62	dB
Voltage gain difference		∆G _{VP} 1	G _{VP} 1 — G _{VP} 2	/ <u>-1</u> 2	,A., 0	/+1	dB
voltage gain amerence		∆G _{VP} 2	G _{VP} 3 — G _{VP} 4	_1	0	##+1	dB
Intermode gain difference		∆G _{VP} 3	G _{VP} 3 — G _{VP} 1	-1	0	/ / +1	dB
Converted input noise voltage	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	V _{NIN1} V _{NIN2} V _{NIN3} V _{NIN4}	Ratio of the output from a 1.1 MHz low pass filter to the output with no input under the same conditions as those used for measuring voltage gain.		1.0	1.5	μVrms
Frequency characteristic	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	$\Delta V_{fp}1$ ΔV_{fp2} ΔV_{fp3} ΔV_{fp4}	Ratios of the output for $V_{IN}=38$ mVp-p and $f=7$ MHz to the voltage gains $G_{VP}1$ $G_{VP}2$, $G_{VP}3$, and $G_{VP}4$.	-2.5	0		dB
Secondary harmonic distortion	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	$\Delta V_{HDP}1$ ΔV_{HDP2} ΔV_{HDP3} ΔV_{HDP4}	Ratio of the 8 MHz (secondary) component of the output to its 4 MHz (primary) component for V _{IN} = 38 mVp-p and f = 4 MHz.		-40	-35	dB
Maximum output level	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4	$\Delta V_{OMP}1$ ΔV_{OMP2} ΔV_{OMP3} ΔV_{OMP4}	Output level for f = 1 MHz, at which the ratio of the 3 MHz (tertiary) component to the 1 MHz (primary) component is -30 dB.	1.0	1.2		Vp-p
Crosstalk SP		V _{CR} 1	Ratio of the output for $V_{ N } \neq 38 \text{ mVp}^2 p$ and $f \neq 4 \text{ MHz}$ to $G_{VP}1$.		-40	-35	dB
		V _{CR} 2	Ratio of the output for V _{IN} = 38 mVp-p and f = 4 MHz, to G _{VP} 2		-40	-35	dB
Crosstalk EP		V _{CR} 3	Ratio of the output for $V_{IN} = 38 \text{ mVp-p}$ and $f = 4 \text{ MHz}$ to $G_{VP}3$.		-40	-35	dB
CIOSSIAIK EF	, k d o d o	V _{CR} 4	Ratio of the output for $V_{1N} = 38 \text{ mVp-p}$ and $f = 4 \text{ MHz}$ to $G_{VP}4$.		-40	-35	dB
Output DC offset		ΔV _{ODC} 5	CH1 — CH2 CH3 — CH4 CH1 — CH3 CH2 — CH4 CH1 — CH4 CH1 — CH4 CH2 — CH4	-100	0	+100	mV
Envelope detector output pin volt	age	V _{ENV}	√12 DC level with no signal input.	0	0.8	1.4	V
	. CD	V _{ENVSP} 1	J112 DC level at which T13A output level is 150 mVp-p for f = 4 MHz.	2.0	2.5	3.0	V
Envelope detector output pin volt	age SP	V _{ENV} sp2	T12 DC level at which T13A output level is 400 mVp-p for f = 4 MHz.	4.0	4.5	5.0	V
- 1/ 80		V _{ENVEP} 1	T12 DC level at which T13A output level is 125 mVp-p for f = 4 MHz.	2.0	2.5	3.0	٧
Envelope detector output pin Volt	age EP	V _{ENVEP} 2	T6 DC level at which T7A output level is 300 mVp-p for f = 4 MHz.	4.0	4.5	5.0	٧
Complete and a self-strate and	grade articular	V _{COMP} 1	T8 DC level for V_{IN} = 38 mVp-p and f = 4 MHz.		0.4	0.7	V
Comparator output voltage	Jan Jan	V _{COMP} 2	T8 DC level for V_{IN} = 38 mVp-p and f = 4 MHz.	4.5	4.8		V
SW-Tr on resistance during play	back	R _{PON} 24 R _{PON} 29	DC difference for 1 and 2 mA current inputs.		4	6	Ω
N. N. 11	*	TR1-1	Normal → Trick1 : *1	3.2		5.0	V
		TR1-2	Trick1 → Normal	1.2		2.8	V
Trick threshold level		TR2-1	Normal → Trick2 : *1	0.0		0.8	V
		——					V

Continued from preceding page.

D	Oh -l	Con distant	Ratings			Unit
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
IIA alamba ala Masa da III amal	HAP-1	SP → EP : *1	1.7		5.0	V
HA playback threshold level	HAP-2	EPSP	0.0	The state of the s	1.3	V
00000 three held level	SW30-1	Lch → Hch : *1	1/2	*4.	5.0	V
SW30 threshold level	SW30-2	$Hch \to Lch$	0.0	Q.	0.8	V
Recording Mode			111	57		7
Current drain	I _{CCR}	Current input at pin 13.	52	59	66	mA
REC AGC AMP output level	V _{RSP}	Output level for $V_{IN} = 400 \text{ mVp-p}$ and $f = 4 \text{ MHz}$.	127	135	143	mVp-p
	V _{REP}	And the second s	104	111	/ ² / 119	mVp-p
Intermode gain difference	ΔGVR	VRSP/VREP	1.4	1.7	2.0	dB
DEC 400 AMP	ΔV_{AGC} 1-SP ΔV_{AGC} 1-EP	Output level divided by V _{RSP} or V _{REP} for f = 4 MHz and V _{IN} = 700 mVp-p.		0.5	1.0	dB
REC AGC AMP control characteristic	ΔV_{AGC} 2-SP ΔV_{AGC} 2-EP	Output level divided by V_{RSP} or V_{REP} for $f = 4$ MHz and $V_{IN} = 100$ mVp/p.	–1.0	<i>2</i> 0.5		dB
REC AGC AMP frequency characteristic	$\Delta V_{FRS} \ \Delta V_{FRE}$	Ratio of f = 7 MHz output to $f = 1$ MHz output for $V_{IN} = 400$ mVp-p. $\frac{1}{2}$	-1	0	+1	dB
REC AGC AMP secondary primary distortion	ΔV_{HDRS} ΔV_{HDRE}	Ratio of the 8 MHz (Secondary) component of the output to its 4-MHz (primary) component for V _{IN} = 400 mVp p and f = 4 MHz.		-45	-40	dB
REC AGC AMP maximum output level	$\Delta V_{MOSP} \ \Delta V_{MOEP}$	Output level, for f = 4 MHz, at which the secondary distortion is ~35 dB	20	22		mApp
REC AGC AMP muting attenuation	$\Delta V_{MRS} \ \Delta V_{MRE}$	Output level divided by V_{RSP} or V_{REP} for $f = 4$ MHz and $V_{IN} = 400$ mVp-p.	>	-45	-40	dB
REC AGC AMP cross modulation relative level	ΔV _{CYS} ΔV _{CYE}	Output ratio (4M +/ 629k)/4M for $V_{\rm IN} \neq 400$ mVp-p and f = $\#$ MHz at T9A and $V_{\rm IN} = 2.4$ Vp-p and f = 629 kHz at T10A.		-45	-40	dB
HA REC threshold level	H _{AR} -1	SP → EP 11	1.7		5.0	V
THE ATTOMOSTOR TOVOL	H _{AR} -2,	EP →SP	0.0		1.3	V
REC MUTE threshold level	M⊎TE-1	MUTE OFF → MUTE ON 1/	1.2		2.8	٧
NEO MOTE uneshold level	M⊎TE-2	MUTE ON MUTE OFF	3.2		5.0	V
REC PB threshold level	PB-REC	PB → REC *1	1.2		5.0	V
AZO : D unosnoid level	REC-PB	REC → PB	0.0		0.8	V

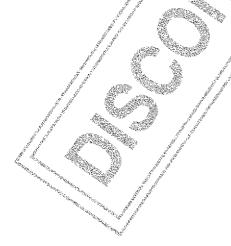
Notes:* Before measuring the items under Playback Mode, input a 0 to 5.0 V trigger pulse to T11 (H-SYNC), the pin from which the LA70020 takes its T9 (HA) control switch timing.

- * The resistance between pins 19 and 20 must be accurate to within 1.0%.

 *1. These are voltage application points.

 *2. Apply a DC voltage of approximately 1.8 V to the AGC waye detector filter pin (pin 21) to fix the AGC amplifier gain.

 *3. Apply a DC voltage to the REC-CUR AdJ pin (pin 18) and adjust the output level.



Electrical Characteristics at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ (Hi-Fi Circuits)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions		Ratings		Unit
Farameter		Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Offic
Playback Mode							
Current drain		HI _{CCP}	Current flowing into pin 36	20	25	30	mA
Voltage gain	CH1	HG _{VP} 1	V _{IN} = 20 mVp-p, f = 1.5 MHz	72.5	75.5	78.5	dB
	CH2	HG _{VP} 2		∄ 2.5	<i>∳</i> 7 5.5	78.5	dB
Voltage gain difference		ΔHG _{VP}	HG _{VP} 1 — HG _{VP} 2	<i>M M</i> −2	0	+2,) dB
Intermode gain difference		ΔHGEP	Voltage gain difference between SP and EP modes. *1	1.7	2.4	3.1	dB
Converted input noise voltage	CH1 CH2	HV _{NIN1} HV _{NIN2}	Ratio of the output from a 1.1-MHz low pass filter to the output with no input under the same conditions as those used for measuring voltage gain.		0.8	1.2	μVrms
Frequency characteristic	CH1 CH2	ΔHV _{fp1} ΔHV _{fp2}	Ratios of the output for V _{IN} = 20 mVp+p and f = 2 MHz to the voltage gains HG _{VP} 1 and HG _{VP} 2.	-3	£1/	,	dB
Secondary harmonic distortion	CH1 CH2	ΔHV _{HDP} 1 ΔHV _{HDP2}	Ratio of the 3-MHz (secondary) component of the output to its 1.5-MHz (primary) component for V _{IN} = 20 mVp-p and f 1.5 MHz		-50	-40	dB
Maximum output level	CH1 CH2	ΔHV _{OMP} 1 ΔHV _{OMP2}	Output level, for f = 1,8 MHz, at which the ratio of the 4.5 MHz (secondary) component to the 1.5 MHz (primary) components 30 dB	2,			Vp-p
Crosstalk SP		V _{HCR} 1	Ratio of the output for $V_{IN} = 20 \text{ mVp}_T p$ and $f = 1.5 \text{ MHz}$ to $HG_{VP}1$.		-40	-35	dB
Clossiaik SF		V _{HCR} 2	Ratio of the output for $V_{ N } \Rightarrow 20$ mVp-p and $f = 1.5$ MHz to $HG_{VP}2$.	and the same of th	-40	-35	dB
Occasion FD		V _{HCR} 3	Ratio of the output for $V_{IN} = 20 \text{ mVp-p}$ and $f = 1.5 \text{ MHz}$ to $HG_{VP}1$.		-40	-35	dB
Crosstalk EP		V _{HCR} 4	Ratio of the output for V _{IN} ≠ 20 mVp ² p and f ≠ 1.5 MHz to HG _{VP} 2		-40	-35	dB
Output DC offset SP mode		ΔV _{ODG} 4	CH1 — CH2	-30	0	+30	mV
Output DC offset EP mode		ΔV _{QDQ} 2	CH1 CH2	-50	0	+50	mV
		HHAP-1	SP EP:	1.7		5.0	V
HA threshold level		H _{HAP-2}	ER→SB	0.0		1.3	V
0)4/00 // 1 111 1	, i section	H _{SW30-4}	Lch → Hch: *1	1.2		5.0	V
SW30 threshold level		H _{SW20-2}	Hch → Lch	0.0		0.8	V
SW-Tr on resistance during playb	ack //	HRPON	DC difference for 1 and 2 mA current inputs.		4	6	Ω
Recording Mode	111	Al Webs.		'			ı
Current drain	77 a	H _{ICCR}	Current input at pin 36.	55	65	75	mA
REC AGC AMP output level	1 69	Hvor.	Output level for V _{IN} = 180 mVp-p and f = 1.5 MHz.	270	280	290	mVp-p
REC AGC AMP control character	int	ΔΗV _{AGC1}	Output level divided by HV _{OR} for f = 1.5 MHz and V_{IN} = 360 mVp-p.		0.2	0.5	dB
REC AGC AMP control character	istic	ΔV _{AGQ2}	Output level divided by HV _{OR} for f = 1.5 MHz and V_{IN} = 90 mVp-p.	-0.5	-0.2		dB
REC AGC AMP muting attenuation	ATTAN	ΔΗV _{MR}	Output level divided by HV_{OR} for f = 4 MHz and V_{IN} = 180 mVp-p.			-40	dB
REC AGC AMP/cross modulation level for 0.4-MHz component	refative	HCMD04	0.4-MHz component for T3A V_{IN} = 90 mVp-p, f = 1.3 MHz + V_{IN} = 270 mVp-p, f = 1.7 MHz.			-40	dB
REC AGC AMP cross inodulation level for 0.9-MHz component.	relative	HCMD09	0.9-MHz component for T3A V_{IN} = 90 mVp-p, f = 1.3 MHz + V_{IN} = 270 mVp-p, f = 1.7 MHz.			-40	dB
	- September 1	H _{MUTE1}	MUTE OFF → MUTE ON *1	1.2		2.8	V
REC MUTE threshold level	J J	H _{MUTE2}	MUTE ON → MUTE OFF	3.2		5.0	V
REC PB threshold level		PB-REC	PB → REC *1	1.2		5.0	V
REC PB threshold level	and the second	REC-PB	REC → PB	0.0		0.8	V

Note: These are voltage application points.

Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Stan	dard DC Voltage (V)	Equivalent Circuit	Notes
1	HiFi PB-FM-OUT	РВ	2.6	100 Ω 1 - W - J - J - J - J - J - J - J - J - J	
		REC	4.0	Ø ↓ 400 μ A → A00484	
2 31	HiFi GND				
31	HiFi	PB	0	300Ω 5kΩ 1-MM	A STATE OF THE STA
	REC-FM-IN	REC	3.0	7777 7777 A09445	
4	HiFi REC-AGC-Filt	РВ	0	10kΩ 100Ω W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W	
		REC	1,2	A09446	
5	HIFA REC-CÜRRENT- ADJ	PB REC	0.7	200 μ A	
6	HiFi RP-SW (REC-MUTE)			REC/MUTE 3.2V Comp 1V 50k Ω A09448	SW30 MUTE ON Hch OFF Lch

Continued from preceding page.

Pin Number	Pin Name	Standard DC Voltage (V)	Equivalent Circuit	Notes
7	TRICK-H		VCC 120kΩ Trick1 Comp Trick2 Comp Trick2 Comp A09449	Trick1 3.0 V NORMAL 1.0 V
8	COMP-OUT	PB H: min. 4.5 V L: max. 0.7 V	100Ω∰ 100Ω∰	EP > SP ENV High
		REC Open	1k Q \$\frac{1}{2777}}	
9	HA (EP/SP)	And the state of t	9 1 HA Comp. 1.5V 777 A09451	EP 1.0 V
10	SW30		50kΩ SW30 Comp 1V 777 A09452	Hch Lch
11	H-SYNC.		11 20k Ω H SYNC Comp 80k Ω 1.5V 777 A09453	SYNC H 1.5 V
The state of the s				Continued on next page.

Continued from preceding page.

Pin Number	Pin Name	Stan	dard DC Voltage (V)	Equivalent Circuit	Notes
12	ENVDET-OUT	РВ	See relevant documents.	Λ Vcc 100Ω Χ	
		REC	0	18kΩ≸ 7777 A09454	
13	PB-OUT	РВ	1.7	1000€	
		REC	0	3 (V) I mA	
14 26	GND		ė		
15	REC-Y-IN	PB REC	3.7	300 Ω 5kΩ ————————————————————————————————————	
16	REC-Ç-ÎN	PB REC	3.7	25kΩ ≠ 5kΩ 300Ω ≠ 5kΩ 777 A09457	
17	REC/MUTE/PB	and the state of t	i, and a second	REC/MUTE 2.4V 20k Ω 777 17)-W-PB/REC Comp 0.8V 80k Ω 777 A09458	REC 3.0 V REC MUTE 1.0 V

Continued from preceding page.

Pin Number	Pin Name	Stan	dard DC Voltage (V)	Equivalent Circuit	Notes
18	REC-CURRENT- ADJ2	РВ	2.5 V	100kΩ ≥ 300Ω 300Ω 300Ω	
		REC	2.5 V	100kΩ ≸	
19	V _{CC}				
20	REC-CURRENT- ADJ1	РВ	5.0	200°C	A STATE OF THE STA
	ADJI	REC	4.5	Σ1.0kΩ,1.3kΩ Αρθ460	
21	REC-AGC-FILT	PB REC	1.6	ΛVCC 360Ω 20kΩ 600Ω ₹10kΩ Α09461	
22 25 27 30	SP L-IN SP H-IN EP L-IN EP H-IN	PB REC	2.30 A.1	PB-ON A09462	
23 28	RÈC SP OUT EP OUT	PB	2.1	10kΩ 10kΩ 16.7Ω 777 A09463	

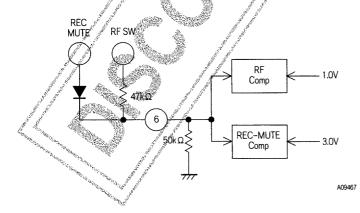
Continued from preceding page.

Pin Number	Pin Name	Stan	dard DC Voltage (V)	Equivalent Circuit	Notes
24 29	PB FILT	РВ	0	242934 ↑ ≨20kΩ	
34	l l	REC	2.5	PB-ON \$20kΩ A09464	
32	HiFi PB-Lch-IN	РВ	2.1	REC-ON VCC	
35	PB-Hch-IN	REC	4.1	9 PB=0N 9 PB=0N 9777 Apg-465	
33	HiFi PEC OUT	PB	2.1	33 101/0	
	REC-OUT	REC	4.1	PB-ON 16.7Ω 2.4mA 777 777 A09466	
36	HiFi V _{CC}	A A A A	5.0		



Control Pin Logic

HiFi RF-SW, REC-MUTE: Pin 6

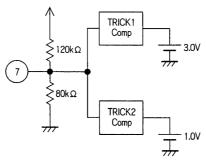


During playback

Pin 6 level - DC < 1.0 V: Lch Pin 6 level - DC > 1.0 V: Hch

During recording

Pin 6 level - DC < 3.0 V: Mute off Pin 6 level - DC > 3.0 V: Mute on Switching Video Trick Mode with Pin 7



GND < pin 7 level - DC < 1.0 V: TRICK2 1.0 V < pin 7 level - DC < 3.0 V: NORMAL 3.0 V < pin 7 level - DC < 5.0 V: TRICK2

NORMAL Mode

Two channels selected with pin 9 (EP/SP): ON

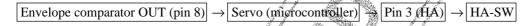
Envelope comparator: OFF

TRICK Modes

All four channels: ON Envelope comparator: OFF

Difference between TRICK1 and TRICK2 modes

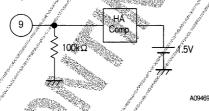
TRICK1 is a special playback mode using the following path



TRICK2 provides SP searching

$$\boxed{\text{Envelope comparator OUT}} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{HA-SW}}$$

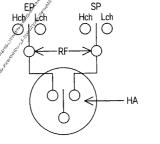
HA-SW (EP/SP mode switch): Pin 9



GND < pin 9 level - DC < 1.5 V: SP mode 1.5 V < pin 9 level - DC < 5 V: EP mode

Video Synchronization of HA Switching Timing during Playback with H-SYNC Signal

During playback, the LA70020's video circuits synchronize the HA-SW switching timing shown in the following figure with the H-SYNC signal from pin 11. (Other EP/SP switching takes place in real time.)



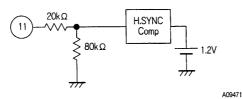
A0947

The hi-fi playback amplifier's gain is approximately 2.4 dB higher in EP mode than in SP mode.

SP: 75.0 dB EP: 77.4 dB Comparator Output: Pin 8

EP envelope > SP envelope: High (min. 4.0 V) EP envelope < SP envelope: Low (max. 0.7 V)

H-SYNC Input: Pin 11



Pin 11 level - DC > 1.5 V: H-SYNC interval

Video circuit operation only

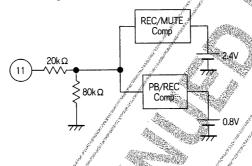
Playback:

- Determines timing of HA switching (EP/SP)
- Determines timing of special playback

Recording:

- Serves as gate pulse for REC-AGC-AMP SYNC unit

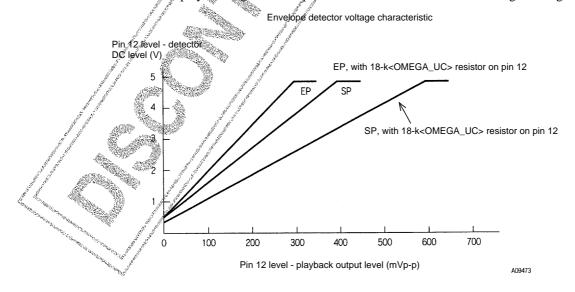
REC/REC-MUTE/PB Switching: Pin 17



Envelope Detector Characteristic: Pin 12

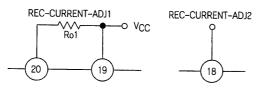
The LA70020 includes a built-in playback signal envelope detector circuit for use in automating tracking adjustment.

A09472



Video REC AMP Gain Control

The LA70020 eliminates recording current adjustment by adding an automatic gain control circuit to the recording amplifier. It is also possible to change the recording current with the following methods.



REC-CURRENT-ADJ2 Open

The internal bias forces the DC level at pin 18 to $1/2~V_{CC}$ (that is, approximately 2.5 V), and $R_{\rm O}1$ determines the recording current.

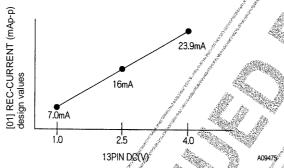
Design values

 $R_O 1 = 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega = 16.0 \text{ mA (SP) (per channel)}$

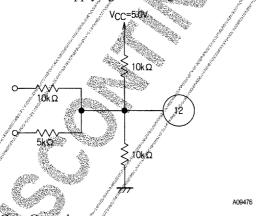
 $R_{O}1 = 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega = 12.7 \text{ mA (EP)}$

REC-CURRENT-ADJ2 Used

Applying a DC control voltage between 1 and 4 V to pin 18 adjusts the figure determined by $R_{O}1$ between -6.0 dB and +3.5 dB.



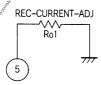
Note: One possible circuit for applying this voltage is the following, which provides 9 modes between 1 and 4 V.



Hi-Fi REC AMP Gain Control

The LA70020 eliminates recording current adjustment by adding an automatic gain control circuit to the recording amplifier. It is also possible to change the recording current with the following methods.

A09477



REC-CURRENT-ADJ

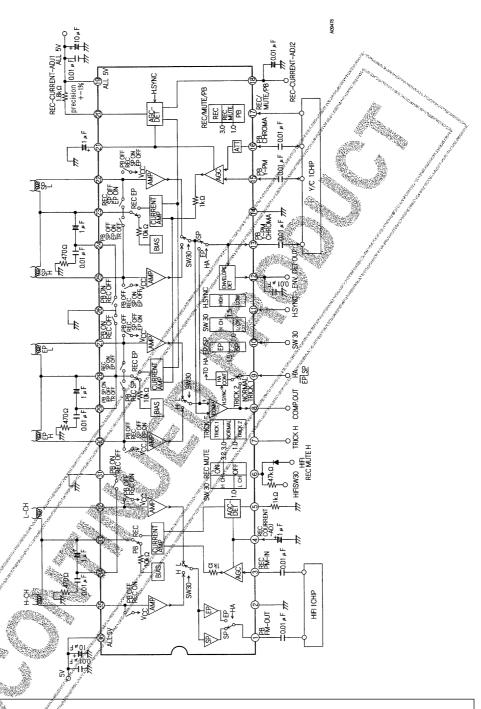
R_O1 determines the recording current.

Design values

 $R_O 1 = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega = 24.0 \text{ mA (SP) (per channel)}$

 $R_{O}1 = 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega = 16.0 \text{ mA (EP)}$

Block Diagram



- No products described or contained herein are intended for use in surgical implants, life-support systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear power control systems, vehicles, disaster/crime-prevention equipment and the like, the failure of which may directly or indirectly cause injury, death or property loss.
- Anyone purchasing any products described or contained herein for an above-mentioned use shall:
 - Accept full responsibility and indemnify and defend SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD., its affiliates, subsidiaries and distributors and all their officers and employees, jointly and severally, against any and all claims and litigation and all damages, cost and expenses associated with such use:
 - ② Not impose any responsibility for any fault or negligence which may be cited in any such claim or litigation on SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD., its affiliates, subsidiaries and distributors or any of their officers and employees jointly or severally.
- Information (including circuit diagrams and circuit parameters) herein is for example only; it is not guaranteed for volume production. SANYO believes information herein is accurate and reliable, but no guarantees are made or implied regarding its use or any infringements of intellectual property rights or other rights of third parties.

This catalog provides information as of February, 1998. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.